

# Uniqueness sequences for Bernstein classes of entire functions and the completeness of exponential systems on an interval

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Denote by  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ , and  $\mathbb{C}$  the sets of natural, real and complex numbers.

For a segment  $I_d \subset \mathbb{R}$  of length  $d$ , we denote by  $C(I_d)$  and  $L^p(I_d)$  the space of continuous functions  $f$  with norm  $\|f\|_\infty := \sup\{|f(x)|: x \in I_d\}$  and the space of functions  $f$  with finite norm  $\|f\|_p := \left(\int_{I_d} |f(x)|^p dx\right)^{1/p}$ ,  $p \geq 1$ . For  $\sigma \in (0, +\infty)$ , denote by  $B_\sigma^\infty$  the Bernstein space (of type  $\sigma$ ) of all entire functions  $f$  of exponential type bounded on  $\mathbb{R}$  (see [1]).

Let  $\Lambda = \{\lambda_k\}_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$  be a point sequence on  $\mathbb{C}$  without limit points in  $\mathbb{C}$ , and all points  $\lambda_k$  are pairwise different (for simplicity). The sequence  $\Lambda$  is an *uniqueness sequence* for  $B_\sigma^\infty$  iff there exists a nonzero function  $f_\Lambda \in B_\sigma^\infty$  such that  $f_\Lambda$  vanish on  $\Lambda$ , i. e.  $f_\Lambda(\lambda_k) = 0$  for  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ .

The exponential system  $\{e^{i\lambda_k z}\}_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ ,  $z \in I_d$ , is *complete* in  $C(I_d)$  ( $L^p(I_d)$  resp.) iff the closure of its linear span coincides with  $C(I_d)$  ( $L^p(I_d)$  resp.). We solve the following problems.

- *Complete description of uniqueness sequences for  $B_\sigma^\infty$ .*
- *Criteria of completeness of exponential system  $\{e^{i\lambda_k z}\}_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$  in  $C(I_d)$  or  $L^p(I_d)$  accurate within one or two exponential functions.*

We formulate these new results in terms of the Poisson and Hilbert transforms. Their proofs are unpublished, but announced in [2].

From the criteria of completeness we can obtain many old results on completeness (for example, the famous Berling–Malliavin Theorem on the radius of completeness [3]), and also new results.

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- [2] Khabibullin B. N., *Distribution of zero subsequences for Bernstein space and criteria of completeness for exponential system on a segment* // Electronic publication, <http://arxiv.org/>, arXiv:1104.2683v2 [math.CV]
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